



Relative and Absolute Cell References

1.Introduction

There are two types of cell references: **relative** and **absolute**. Relative and absolute references behave differently when copied and filled to other cells. Relative references **change** when a formula is copied to another cell. Absolute references, on the other hand, remain **constant** no matter where they are copied.

2.Relative references

By default, all cell references are **relative references**. When copied across multiple cells, they change based on the relative position of rows and columns. For example, if you copy the formula =A1+B1 from row 1 to row 2, the formula will become =A2+B2. Relative references are especially convenient whenever you need to repeat the same calculation across multiple rows or columns.

To create and copy a formula using relative references:

In the following example, we want to create a formula that will multiply each item's **price** by the **quantity**. Instead of creating a new formula for each row, we can create a single formula in





cell **D4** and then copy it to the other rows. We'll use relative references so the formula calculates the total for each item correctly.

1. Select the **cell** that will contain the formula. In our example, we'll select cell **D4**.

D	• • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
	А	В	С	D	Е
з	MENU ITEM	UNIT PRICE	QUANTITY	LINE TOTAL	
4	Empanadas: Beef Picadillo	\$2.99	15	÷	
5	Empanadas: Chipotle Shrimp	\$3.99	10		
6	Tamales: Chicken Tinga	\$2.29	20		
7	Tamales: Vegetable	\$2.29	30		
8	Arepas: Carnitas	\$2.89	10		
9	Arepas: Queso Blanco	\$2.49	20		
10	Empanadas: Apple Cinnamon	\$3.19	40		
11	Beverages: Horchata	\$1.89	25		
12	Beverages: Lemonade	\$1.89	35		
13	Beverages: Tamarindo	\$1.89	10		
14			TOTAL	\$0.00	
15					

2. Enter the **formula** to calculate the desired value. In our example, we'll type **=B4*C4**.

C4 ▼ : × ✓ f _x =B4*C4				
A	В	с	D	Е
3 MENU ITEM	UNIT PRICE	QUANTITY	LINE TOTAL	
4 Empanadas: Beef Picadillo	\$2.99	15	=B4*C4	
5 Empanadas: Chipotle Shrimp	\$3.99	10		
6 Tamales: Chicken Tinga	\$2.29	20		
7 Tamales: Vegetable	\$2.29	30		
8 Arepas: Carnitas	\$2.89	10		
9 Arepas: Queso Blanco	\$2.49	20		
10 Empanadas: Apple Cinnamon	\$3.19	40		
11 Beverages: Horchata	\$1.89	25		
12 Beverages: Lemonade	\$1.89	35		
13 Beverages: Tamarindo	\$1.89	10		
14		TOTAL	\$0.00	
15				

3. Press **Enter** on your keyboard. The formula will be calculated, and the result will be displayed in the cell.





4. Locate the **fill handle** in the bottom-right corner of the desired cell. In our example, we'll locate the fill handle for cell **D4**.

D4	\bullet \bullet \vdots \times \checkmark f_x =B4*C4				
	А	В	с	D	E
3	MENU ITEM	UNIT PRICE	QUANTITY	LINE TOTAL	
4	Empanadas: Beef Picadillo	\$2.99	15	\$44.85	
5	Empanadas: Chipotle Shrimp	\$3.99	10		
6	Tamales: Chicken Tinga	\$2.29	20		
7	Tamales: Vegetable	\$2.29	30		
8	Arepas: Carnitas	\$2.89	10		
9	Arepas: Queso Blanco	\$2.49	20		
10	Empanadas: Apple Cinnamon	\$3.19	40		
11	Beverages: Horchata	\$1.89	25		
12	Beverages: Lemonade	\$1.89	35		
13	Beverages: Tamarindo	\$1.89	10		
14			TOTAL	\$44.85	
15					

5. Click and drag the **fill handle** over the cells you want to fill. In our example, we'll select cells **D5:D13**.

D4	↓ ▼ : × ✓ <i>f</i> _x =B4*C4				
	А	В	С	D	Е
3	MENU ITEM	UNIT PRICE	QUANTITY	LINE TOTAL	
4	Empanadas: Beef Picadillo	\$2.99	15	\$44.85	_
5	Empanadas: Chipotle Shrimp	\$3.99	10		
6	Tamales: Chicken Tinga	\$2.29	20		
7	Tamales: Vegetable	\$2.29	30		
8	Arepas: Carnitas	\$2.89	10		
9	Arepas: Queso Blanco	\$2.49	20		
10	Empanadas: Apple Cinnamon	\$3.19	40		
11	Beverages: Horchata	\$1.89	25		
12	Beverages: Lemonade	\$1.89	35		
13	Beverages: Tamarindo	\$1.89	10		·
14			TOTAL	\$44.85	т
15					

6. Release the mouse. The formula will be **copied** to the selected cells with **relative references**, displaying the result in each cell.



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D4 ▼ : × ✓ <i>f</i> _x =B4*C4				
A	В	с	D	E
3 MENU ITEM	UNIT PRICE	QUANTITY	LINE TOTAL	
4 Empanadas: Beef Picadillo	\$2.99	15	\$44.85	
5 Empanadas: Chipotle Shrimp	\$3.99	10	\$39.90	
6 Tamales: Chicken Tinga	\$2.29	20	\$45.80	
7 Tamales: Vegetable	\$2.29	30	\$68.70	
8 Arepas: Carnitas	\$2.89	10	\$28.90	
9 Arepas: Queso Blanco	\$2.49	20	\$49.80	
10 Empanadas: Apple Cinnamon	\$3.19	40	\$127.60	
11 Beverages: Horchata	\$1.89	25	\$47.25	
12 Beverages: Lemonade	\$1.89	35	\$66.15	
13 Beverages: Tamarindo	\$1.89	10	\$18.90	
14		TOTAL	\$537.85	
15				

You can double-click the **filled cells** to check their formulas for accuracy. The relative cell references should be different for each cell, depending on their rows.

NETW	NETWORK ▼ : × ✓ f _x =88*C8						
	А	В	С	D	E		
3 M	IENU ITEM	UNIT PRICE	QUANTITY	LINE TOTAL			
4 Er	mpanadas: Beef Picadillo	\$2.99	15	\$44.85			
5 Er	mpanadas: Chipotle Shrimp	\$3 . 99	10	\$39.90			
₆ Ta	amales: Chicken Tinga	\$2.29	20	\$45.80			
7 Ta	amales: Vegetable	\$2.29	30	\$68.70			
₈ Ar	repas: Carnitas	\$2.89	10	=B8*C8			
₉ Ar	repas: Queso Blanco	\$2.49	20	\$49.80			
10 Er	mpanadas: Apple Cinnamon	\$3.19	40	\$127.60			
11 Be	everages: Horchata	\$1.89	25	\$47.25			
12 Be	everages: Lemonade	\$1.89	35	\$66.15			
13 Be	everages: Tamarindo	\$1.89	10	\$18.90			
14			TOTAL	\$537.85			
15							





3. Absolute references

There may be a time when you don't want a cell reference to change when copied to other cells. Unlike relative references, **absolute references** do not change when copied or filled. You can use an absolute reference to keep a row and/or column **constant**.

An absolute reference is designated in a formula by the addition of a **dollar sign (\$)**. It can precede the column reference, the row reference, or both.

\$A\$2	The column and the row do not change when copied
A\$2	The row does not change when copied
\$A2	The column does not change when copied

You will generally use the **\$A\$2** format when creating formulas that contain absolute references. The other two formats are used much less frequently.

When writing a formula, you can press the **F4** key on your keyboard to switch between relative and absolute cell references.





To create and copy a formula using absolute references:

In the example below, we'll use cell **E2** (which contains the tax rate of 7.5%) to calculate the sales tax for each item in **column D**. To make sure the reference to the tax rate stays constant—even when the formula is copied and filled to other cells—we'll need to make cell **\$E\$2** an absolute reference.

1. Select the **cell** that will contain the formula. In our example, we'll select cell **D4**.

D4	\bullet \bullet f_x				
	A	В	с	D	Е
2				TAX RATE:	7.5%
3			QUANTITY	SALES TAX	LINE TOTAL
4	Empanadas: Beef Picadillo	\$2.99	15	¢	\$44.85
5	Empanadas: Chipotle Shrimp	\$3.99	10		\$39.90
6	Tamales: Chicken Tinga	\$2.29	20		\$45.80
7	Tamales: Vegetable	\$2.29	30		\$68.70
8	Arepas: Carnitas	\$2.89	10		\$28.90
9	Arepas: Queso Blanco	\$2.49	20		\$49.80
10	Empanadas: Apple Cinnamon	\$3.19	40		\$127.60
11	Beverages: Horchata	\$1.89	25		\$47.25
12	Beverages: Lemonade	\$1.89	35		\$66.15
13	Beverages: Tamarindo	\$1.89	10		\$18.90
14					
15					

2. Enter the **formula** to calculate the desired value. In our example, we'll type =(**B4*C4**)***\$E\$2**, making **\$E\$2** an absolute reference.

N	etwork * : 🗙 🖌 🎜 =(B4	↓*C4)*\$E\$2			
4	A	В	с	D	E
2				TAX RATE:	7.5%
3		UNIT PRICE	QUANTITY	SALES TAX	LINE TOTAL
4	Empanadas: Beef Picadillo	\$2.99	= (B4	*C4)*\$E\$2	\$44.85
5	Empanadas: Chipotle Shrimp	\$3.99	10		\$39.90
6	Tamales: Chicken Tinga	\$2.29	20		\$45.80
7	Tamales: Vegetable	\$2.29	30		\$68.70
8	Arepas: Carnitas	\$2.89	10		\$28.90
9	Arepas: Queso Blanco	\$2.49	20		\$49.80
10	Empanadas: Apple Cinnamon	\$3.19	40		\$127.60
11	Beverages: Horchata	\$1.89	25		\$47.25
12	Beverages: Lemonade	\$1.89	35		\$66.15
13	Beverages: Tamarindo	\$1.89	10		\$18.90
14					\$537.85
15					

3. Press **Enter** on your keyboard. The formula will calculate, and the result will display in the cell.





4. Locate the **fill handle** in the bottom-right corner of the desired cell. In our example, we'll locate the fill handle for cell **D4**.

D	• • · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	*C4)*\$E\$2			
4	A	В	с	D	E
2				TAX RATE:	7.5%
3			QUANTITY	SALES TAX	LINE TOTAL
4	Empanadas: Beef Picadillo	\$2.99	15	\$3.36	\$48.21
5	Empanadas: Chipotle Shrimp	\$3.99	10	· · · · ·	\$39.90
6	Tamales: Chicken Tinga	\$2.29	20		\$45.80
7	Tamales: Vegetable	\$2.29	30		\$68.70
8	Arepas: Carnitas	\$2.89	10		\$28.90
9	Arepas: Queso Blanco	\$2.49	20		\$49.80
10	Empanadas: Apple Cinnamon	\$3.19	40		\$127.60
11	Beverages: Horchata	\$1.89	25		\$47.25
12	Beverages: Lemonade	\$1.89	35		\$66.15
13	Beverages: Tamarindo	\$1.89	10		\$18.90
14					\$541.21
15					

5. Click and drag the **fill handle** over the cells you want to fill (cells **D5:D13** in our example).

D	u ▼ : × √ f _x =(84	*C4)*\$E\$2			
	A	В	с	D	Е
2				TAX RATE:	7.5%
з			QUANTITY	SALES TAX	LINE TOTAL
4	Empanadas: Beef Picadillo	\$2.99	15	\$3.36	\$48.21
5	Empanadas: Chipotle Shrimp	\$3.99	10		\$39.90
6	Tamales: Chicken Tinga	\$2.29	20		\$45.80
7	Tamales: Vegetable	\$2.29	30		\$68.70
8	Arepas: Carnitas	\$2.89	10		\$28.90
9	Arepas: Queso Blanco	\$2.49	20		\$49.80
10	Empanadas: Apple Cinnamon	\$3.19	40		\$127.60
11	Beverages: Horchata	\$1.89	25		\$47.25
12	Beverages: Lemonade	\$1.89	35		\$66.15
13	Beverages: Tamarindo	\$1.89	10		\$18.90
14					\$541.21
15					

6. Release the mouse. The formula will be **copied** to the selected cells with an **absolute reference**, and the values will be calculated in each cell.

D4		*C4)*\$E\$2			
	А	В	с	D	E
2				TAX RATE:	7.5%
з			QUANTITY	SALES TAX	LINE TOTAL
4	Empanadas: Beef Picadillo	\$2.99	15	\$3.36	\$48.21
5	Empanadas: Chipotle Shrimp	\$3.99	10	\$2.99	\$42.89
6	Tamales: Chicken Tinga	\$2.29	20	\$3.44	\$49.24
7	Tamales: Vegetable	\$2.29	30	\$5.15	\$73.85
8	Arepas: Carnitas	\$2.89	10	\$2.17	\$31.07
9	Arepas: Queso Blanco	\$2.49	20	\$3.74	\$53.54
10	Empanadas: Apple Cinnamon	\$3.19	40	\$9.57	\$137.17
11	Beverages: Horchata	\$1.89	25	\$3.54	\$50.79
12	Beverages: Lemonade	\$1.89	35	\$4.96	\$71.11
13	Beverages: Tamarindo	\$1.89	10	\$1.42	\$20.32
14				TOTAL	\$578.19
15					





You can double-click the **filled cells** to check their formulas for accuracy. The absolute reference should be the same for each cell, while the other references are relative to the cell's row.

NETWORK▼ :: × ✓ fx =(88*C8)*\$E\$2					
	A	В	с	D	E
2				TAX RATE:	7.5%
3				SALES TAX	LINE TOTAL
4	Empanadas: Beef Picadillo	\$2.99	15	\$3.36	\$48.21
5	Empanadas: Chipotle Shrimp	\$3.99	10	\$2.99	\$42.89
6	Tamales: Chicken Tinga	\$2.29	20	\$3.44	\$49.24
7	Tamales: Vegetable	\$2.29	30	\$5.15	\$73.85
8	Arepas: Carnitas	\$2.89	=(B8	8 *C8)* \$E\$2	\$31.07
9	Arepas: Queso Blanco	\$2.49	20	\$3.74	\$53.54
10	Empanadas: Apple Cinnamon	\$3.19	40	\$9.57	\$137.17
11	Beverages: Horchata	\$1.89	25	\$3.54	\$50.79
12	Beverages: Lemonade	\$1.89	35	\$4.96	\$71.11
13	Beverages: Tamarindo	\$1.89	10	\$1.42	\$20.32
14				TOTAL	\$578.19
15					

Be sure to include the **dollar sign** (\$) whenever you're making an absolute reference across multiple cells. The dollar signs were omitted in the example below. This caused Excel to interpret it as a **relative reference**, producing an incorrect result when copied to other cells.

N	NETWORK▼ :: × ✓ fx =(B8*C8)*E6				
	A	В	С	D	E
2				TAX RATE:	7.5%
3			QUANTITY	SALES TAX	LINE TOTAL
4	Empanadas: Beef Picadillo	\$2.99	15	\$3.36	\$48.21
5	Empanadas: Chipotle Shrimp	\$3.99	10	#VALUE!	#VALUE!
6	Tamales: Chicken Tinga	\$2.29	20	\$2,208.19	\$2,253.99
7	Tamales: Vegetable	\$2.29	30	#VALUE!	#VALUE!
8	Arepas: Carnitas	\$2.89	=	(B8*C8)*E6	\$65,169.20
9	Arepas: Queso Blanco	\$2.49	20	#VALUE!	#VALUE!
10	Empanadas: Apple Cinnamon	\$3.19	40	##########	############
11	Beverages: Horchata	\$1.89	25	#VALUE!	#VALUE!
12	Beverages: Lemonade	\$1.89	35	##########	############
13	Beverages: Tamarindo	\$1.89	10	#VALUE!	#VALUE!
14				TOTAL	#VALUE!
15					





4. Using cell references with multiple worksheets

Excel allows you to refer to any cell on any **worksheet**, which can be especially helpful if you want to reference a specific value from one worksheet to another. To do this, you'll simply need to begin the cell reference with the **worksheet name** followed by an **exclamation point** (!). For example, if you wanted to reference cell A1 on Sheet1, its cell reference would be Sheet1!A1.

Note that if a worksheet name contains a **space**, you'll need to include **single quotation marks** (' ') around the name. For example, if you wanted to reference cell **A1** on a worksheet named **July Budget**, its cell reference would be 'July Budget'!A1.

To reference cells across worksheets:

In our example below, we'll refer to a cell with a calculated value between two worksheets. This will allow us to use the **exact same value** on two different worksheets without rewriting the formula or copying data.

1. Locate the cell you want to reference, and note its worksheet. In our example, we want to reference cell **E14** on the **Menu Order** worksheet.



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E1	E14 🔻 : 🔀 🗸 f_x =SUM(E4:E13)				
	A	В	С	D	E
2				TAX RATE:	7.5%
з	MENU ITEM	UNIT PRICE	QUANTITY	SALES TAX	LINE TOTAL
4	Empanadas: Beef Picadillo	\$2.99	15	\$3.36	\$48.21
5	Empanadas: Chipotle Shrimp	\$3.99	10	\$2.99	\$42.89
6	Tamales: Chicken Tinga	\$2.29	20	\$3.44	\$49.24
7	Tamales: Vegetable	\$2.29	30	\$5.15	\$73.85
8	Arepas: Carnitas	\$2.89	10	\$2.17	\$31.07
9	Arepas: Queso Blanco	\$2.49	20	\$3.74	\$53.54
10	Empanadas: Apple Cinnamon	\$3.19	40	\$9.57	\$137.17
11	Beverages: Horchata	\$1.89	25	\$3.54	\$50.79
12	Beverages: Lemonade	\$1.89	35	\$4.96	\$71.11
13	Beverages: Tamarindo	\$1.89	10	\$1.42	\$20.32
14				TOTAL	🕈 \$578.19
15					
16					
17					
10	✓ Catering Invoice Menu Or				
	Catering Invoice Menu Or	der 🕂			

2. Navigate to the desired **worksheet**. In our example, we'll select the **Catering Invoice** worksheet.

3	SERVICE	DESCRIPTION	LINE TOTAL
4	Menu Order	Food & beverage	
5	Paper Goods	Plates, utensils, cups	\$110.87
6	Rental Equipment	Tables, chairs, linens	\$249.95
7	Service Fee	18% of food & beverage	\$0.00
8		TOTAL	\$360.82
9			
10			
11			
10			
	Catering Invoice 🔓 Menu	Order 🕂 🕂	: •

3. Locate and select the **cell** where you want the value to appear. In our example, we'll select cell **C4**.



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C4	\bullet : \times \checkmark f_x		
	A	В	С
3	SERVICE	DESCRIPTION	LINE TOTAL
4	Menu Order	Food & beverage	¢
5	Paper Goods	Plates, utensils, cups	\$110.87
6	Rental Equipment	Tables, chairs, linens	\$249.95
7	Service Fee	18% of food & beverage	\$0.00
8		TOTAL	\$360.82
9			

4. Type the equals sign (=), the sheet name followed by an exclamation point (!), and the cell address. In our example, we'll type ='Menu Order'!E14.

N	NETWORK 🔻 : 🗙 🖌 🎜 ='Menu Order'!E14				
	A	В	С		
3	SERVICE	DESCRIPTION	LINE TOTAL		
4	Menu Order	Food & beverage	='Menu Order'!E14		
5	Paper Goods	Plates, utensils, cups	\$110.87		
6	Rental Equipment	Tables, chairs, linens	\$249.95		
7	Service Fee	18% of food & beverage	\$104.07		
8		TOTAL	\$1,043.08		
9					

5. Press **Enter** on your keyboard. The **value** of the referenced cell will appear. Now, if the value of cell E14 changes on the Menu Order worksheet, it will be updated automatically on the Catering Invoice worksheet.

C4 • : $\times \checkmark f_x$ ='Menu Order'!E14				
	А	В	С	
3	SERVICE	DESCRIPTION	LINE TOTAL	
4	Menu Order	Food & beverage	\$578.19	
5	Paper Goods	Plates, utensils, cups	\$110.87	
6	Rental Equipment	Tables, chairs, linens	\$249.95	
7	Service Fee	18% of food & beverage	\$104.07	
8		TOTAL	\$1,043.08	
9				





If you **rename** your worksheet at a later point, the cell reference will be updated automatically to reflect the new worksheet name.

If you enter a worksheet name incorrectly, the **#REF**! error will appear in the cell. In our example below, we've mistyped the name of the worksheet. To edit, ignore, or investigate the error, click the **Error** button beside the cell and choose an option from the **menu**.

C4	\bullet : \times \checkmark f_x =	MenuOrder!E14	
	A	В	С
3	SERVICE	DESCRIPTION	LINE TOTAL
4	Menu Order	Food & beverage	
5	Paper Goods	Plates, utensils, cups	Invalid Cell Reference Error 7
6	Rental Equipment	Tables, chairs, linens	Help on this error
7	Service Fee	18% of food & beverage	Show <u>C</u> alculation Steps
8		TO	Ignore Error Edit in <u>F</u> ormula Bar
9			Error Checking Options
10			